

### **Amendments to the Claims**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

#### **Listing of Claims:**

1. (currently amended) An [[ultrafine]] oxalic-modified aluminum hydroxide ( $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$ ) material having diffraction peaks determined by x-ray diffraction (XRD) spectrum, having [[at the locations that]] D values of [[are]] 6.39 Å, 6.16 Å, 4.67 Å, at [[and]] 2θ angles of [[are]] 13.836°, 14.347°, and 19.006°, respectively.
2. (currently amended) The [[An ultrafine]] oxalic-modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  of Claim 1, wherein the intensities of diffraction peaks, where the 2θ angles are 13.836° and 19.006°, are 29.12% and 56.10%, respectively, of the diffraction peak intensity where the 2θ angle is 14.347°.
3. (currently amended) The [[ultrafine]] oxalic-modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  of Claim 1, wherein the [[ultrafine]] oxalic-modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  has an initial weight loss temperature of 330° to about 380°C, and a [[the]] rate of weight loss of [[is]] up to 51% at 600°C.
4. (currently amended) The [[ultrafine]] oxalic-modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  of Claim 3, wherein the initial weight loss temperature is about 350° to about 370°C.
5. (currently amended) The [[ultrafine]] oxalic-modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  of Claim 1, wherein the mean particle size is less than 300nm.
6. (currently amended) The [[ultrafine]] oxalic-modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  of Claim 5 wherein the mean particle size is less than 250 nm.
7. (currently amended) The [[ultrafine]] oxalic-modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  of Claim 1 wherein the mean particle size is 300 to about 10 nm.
8. (currently amended) The [[ultrafine]] oxalic-modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  of Claim 1 wherein the density is 0.6 g/cm<sup>3</sup> to about 1.1 g/cm<sup>3</sup>, and the loose density is 0.5 g/cm<sup>3</sup> to about 0.9 g/cm<sup>3</sup>.

9. (currently amended) The ~~[[ultrafine]] oxalic-~~modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  of Claim 1 wherein the density is about  $0.74 \text{ g/cm}^3$  to about  $1.04 \text{ g/cm}^3$ , and the loose density is about  $0.54 \text{ g/cm}^3$  to about  $0.83 \text{ g/cm}^3$ .

10. (withdrawn) A method of preparing ultrafine modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$ , comprising the steps of:

(A) 1) introducing a  $\text{CO}_2$ -containing gas and a  $\text{NaAlO}_2$  solution into a high gravity rotating bed apparatus (Rotating Packed Beds Reactor(RPBR)), 2) reacting to form a reactant composition in the form of a gel or a liquid suspension, 3) filtering and washing to obtain a particulate  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  filter cake, and 4) optionally drying the filter cake to obtain a powdered product; wherein the gas/liquid volume flow rate is 0.5 to about 10, on the basis of standard pure  $\text{CO}_2$ , and the concentration of  $\text{NaAlO}_2$  is 0.1 to about 10 mol/L; and

(B) 5) mixing the particulate  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  obtained in Step A, with a modifying agent selected from the group consisting of an oxalate, an oxalic acid, or a mixture thereof, 6) reacting for a predetermined period of time at a temperature equal to or higher than  $100^\circ\text{C}$ ; and 7) drying the reacted  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  to obtain an ultrafine modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  powder product.

11. (withdrawn) The method of preparing ultrafine modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  of Claim 10 wherein the concentration of  $\text{NaAlO}_2$  is about 1 to about 8 mol/L.

12. (withdrawn) The method of preparing ultrafine modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  of Claim 10 wherein the reaction temperature in Step B is less than  $205^\circ\text{C}$ .

13. (withdrawn) The method of preparing ultrafine modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  of Claim 12 wherein the reaction temperature in Step B is  $140\text{-}180^\circ\text{C}$ .

14. (withdrawn) The method of preparing ultrafine modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  of Claim 10 wherein the molar ratio of modifying agents in Step B to  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  filter cake or powder from Step A is 0.3 to about 2; and said modifying agents are in the form of a solid or a solution.

15. (withdrawn) The method of preparing ultrafine modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  of Claim 10 wherein the gas/liquid volume rate is 0.1 to about 5 in Step A, on the basis of standard pure  $\text{CO}_2$ , and the reaction temperature is 20 to about  $80^\circ\text{C}$ .

16. (withdrawn) The method of preparing ultrafine modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  of Claim 10 wherein pH value of the reactant composition is controlled to greater than or equal to 8 in Step A.

17. (withdrawn) The method of preparing ultrafine modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  of Claim 16 wherein the pH is 8 to about 13.

18. (withdrawn) The method of preparing ultrafine modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  of Claim 10 wherein the oxalate is selected from a lithium, sodium and potassium oxalate.

19. (withdrawn) The method of preparing ultrafine modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  of Claim 10 wherein the activator and the crystal form controlling agent are added into Step A, into Step B, or both, and the activator is selected from the group consisting of fatty acid and its salt, ester aluminate, and ester titanate, and the crystal form controlling agent is selected from sulfate and phosphate.

20. (withdrawn) A method of preparing ultrafine  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$ , comprising the steps of: introducing a  $\text{CO}_2$ -containing gas and a  $\text{NaAlO}_2$  solution into a high gravity rotating bed apparatus, reacting and generating a reactant composition comprising a gel or a liquid suspension of  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$ ; filtering and washing the reactant composition to obtain an  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  filter cake, and optionally drying the filter cake to obtain a powdered product; wherein the gas/liquid volume flow rate is 0.5 to about 10, on the basis of standard pure  $\text{CO}_2$  and wherein the concentration of  $\text{NaAlO}_2$  is 0.1 to about 10 mol/L.

21. (withdrawn) The method of preparing ultrafine modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  of Claim 20 wherein the concentration of  $\text{NaAlO}_2$  is about 1 to about 8 mol/L.

22. (withdrawn) The method of preparing ultrafine modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  of Claim 20 wherein the pH value of the reactant composition is greater than or equal to 8.

23. (withdrawn) The method of preparing ultrafine modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  of Claim 22 wherein the pH is 8 to about 13.

24. (withdrawn) The ultrafine  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  product prepared by the method of Claim 10.

25. (withdrawn) The ultrafine  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  product of Claim 24, wherein in the method the pH value of the reactant composition is greater than or equal to 8.

26. (currently amended) A fire retardant product comprising an [[ultrafine]] oxalic-modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  material as a fire retardant, the [[ultrafine]] oxalic-modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  having diffraction peaks determined by x-ray diffraction (XRD) spectrum, having [[at the locations that]] D values of [[are]] 6.39 Å, 6.16 Å, 4.67 Å, at [[and]] 2θ angles of [[are]] 13.836°, 14.347°, and 19.006°, respectively.

27. (currently amended) The fire retardant product of Claim 26, wherein the intensities of diffraction peaks, where the 2θ angles are 13.836° and 19.006°, are 29.12% and 56.10%, respectively, of the diffraction peak intensity where the 2θ angle is 14.347°.

28. (currently amended) The fire retardant product of Claim 26, wherein the [[ultrafine]] oxalic-modified  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  has an initial weight loss temperature of 330° to about 380°C, and a [[the]] rate of weight loss of [[is]] up to 51% at 600°C

29. (currently amended) The fire retardant product of Claim 26, wherein the mean particle size is less than 300nm.

30. (currently amended) The fire retardant product of Claim 26 wherein said the density is 0.6 g/cm<sup>3</sup> to about 1.1 g/cm<sup>3</sup>.